



#### **Inverters**

#### Summary of proposed Triple E eligibility criteria changes.

To facilitate a refinement of the eligibility criteria for inverters it is proposed to make the following amendments:

 Condition 3 - removal of EN50438 and the introduction of EN 50549 to demonstrate compliance with the specific Irish protection settings

The proposed eligibility criteria document is contained on the following pages.

Please follow this link to view the currently published eligibility criteria.





## **Triple E Eligibility Criteria**

# Category: Heating and Electricity Provision Technology: Inverters

A high-efficiency inverter is defined as a device that converts direct current electricity into alternating current electricity. Typically an inverter is used in a system to convert the output of a renewable energy device such as a solar photovoltaic array, or a wind generator into an output suitable to connect the system to the main electrical supply

#### **Inverters Eligibility Criteria:**

In order to be included on the Triple E Register, Inverters must meet *all* of the relevant conditions set out below.

**Note:** Supporting documentation that clearly demonstrates Triple E compliance according to the conditions below <u>will</u> <u>be required as part of the Triple E checking process</u>. Detailed information on the types of documents accepted can be found in the separate Supporting Documentation guidelines.

No.	Condition	
1	Must have a power rating greater than 180W	
2	Inverter must be of a Grid-tie type (also known as grid interactive, and also known as synchronous inverter) and output must be pure sine wave.	
3	Inverter must be compliant with the requirements of EN 50549, EN 50549-1 - Requirements for generating plants to be connected in parallel with distribution networks - Part 1: Connection to a LV distribution network - Generating plants up to and including Type B with the specific Irish protection settings. Details are outlined in the Arrangements for Micro Generation Consultation Paper issued by the Commission for Regulation if Utilities (CRU) CER/06/190 and as shown in Table 1 below.	
4	All equipment and/or components must be CE marked as required by the specific EU directive(s).	
5	Inverter efficiency plots must be available for the end user as part of the main contract of sale and shall show the efficiency of the inverter at the various stages of load from 1-100%. Units must have a peak efficiency no less than 95%	
6	Appropriate operating & maintenance manuals must be available for the end-user as part of the main contract of sale in order to optimise the achievement of any potential efficiency improvements.	





#### Table 1: Micro-generation Interface settings for Republic of Ireland

All type-testing must be carried out with these settings on board. Full details are outlined in the Arrangements for Micro Generation Consultation Paper issued by the Commission for Regulation if Utilities (CRU) CER/06/190

Parameter	Trip setting	Clearance time
Over voltage	230 V + 10 %	0,5 s
Under voltage	230 V – 10 %	0,5 s
Over frequency	50 Hz + 1 %	0,5 s
Under frequency	50 Hz - 4 %	0,5 s

An explicit Loss of Mains functionality must be included. Established methods such as, but not limited to, Rate of Change of Frequency, Vector Shift or Source Impedance Measurement may be used. Where Source Impedance is measured, this must be achieved by purely passive means. Any implementation which involves the injection of pulses onto the DSO network, shall not be permitted.

ROCOF [where used]	0,4 Hz/s	0,5 s	
Vector Shift [where used]	6 degrees	0,5 s	

End of Triple E eligibility criteria
Please see next section for technical detail submission and supporting documentation guidance



The following information is not part of the official criteria document published within the relevant statutory Instrument; it has been added here for guidance purposes only in order to provide assistance with the submission of product details and the provision of the required supporting documentation.

**Note:** All information contained within this guidance document is subject to change without notice

#### Supporting documentation required

Described below is the list of documents that are accepted as proof of compliance for the specific inverter conditions.

Note: This information will only be requested AFTER you submit your product's basic details online.

#### **Important Notes to Product Providers**

Please ensure that you read the "Important Notes to Product Providers" section at the end of this document prior to submitting documentation.



No.	Condition	Supporting Documentation Requirement
1.	Must have a power rating greater than 180W	Official and published manufacturer's technical data sheet or brochure that demonstrates compliance with the requirements of the condition.
2.	Inverter must be of a grid-tie type (also known as grid interactive, and also known as synchronous inverter) and output must be pure sine wave.	Official and published manufacturer's technical data sheet or brochure that demonstrates compliance with the requirements of the condition.
3.	Inverter must be compliant with the requirements of EN 50549 with the specific Irish protection settings as shown in table 1 below.	A copy of the completed type test certificate showing conformance with this requirement.  (Refer to Network connection authorities for guidance)  NOTE: EN 50549 /CER 06/190 Test Type Certification will be accepted or  ER G98 "Requirements for the connection of Fully Type Tested Micro-generators (up to and including 16 A per phase) in parallel with public Low Voltage Distribution Networks / ER G99 Requirements for the connection of generation equipment in parallel with public distribution networks Certification will be accepted in lieu of
		equipment in parallel with public distribution networks Certification will be accepted in lieu of EN50549



4.	All equipment and/or components must be CE marked as required by the specific EU directive(s).	Official and published manufacturer's technical data sheet or brochure that demonstrates CE marking compliance.  OR A copy of an official signed declaration on headed paper which confirms CE marking compliance.  Official declarations should explicitly state the product for which CE marking is being confirmed (i.e. do not provide a letter simply stating general compliance with the relevant Triple E Condition).  Where a document is used to demonstrate conformance for a number of products or range of products it should clearly specify each individual product covered by that document.
5.	Inverter efficiency plots must be available for the end user as part of the main contract of sale and will show the efficiency of the inverter at the various stages of load from 1- 100%. Units must have a peak efficiency no less than 95%	A copy of an official signed declaration on headed paper statement confirming that the appropriate efficiency plots are provided. Where applicable, information on the availability of technical documentation to download online should be given.  NB: A signed declaration is required to comply with this condition in all cases. Submitting copies of user manuals is not sufficient and not required by this condition.
6.	Appropriate operating & maintenance manuals must be available for the end-user as part of the main contract of sale in order to optimise the achievement of any potential efficiency improvements.	Official and published manufacturer's technical data sheet or brochure that demonstrates compliance with the requirements of the condition.



### **Important Notes to Product Providers**

#### General

There should be a clear link between all supporting documentation supplied and the product being submitted. This will typically take the form of a product code or product name that can be cross referenced between the submitted product and relevant supporting documentation. If product codes / names have been changed since publication of the supporting documentation, then official evidence of this must be provided with the supporting documentation supplied.

Any deviation from these requirements will result in the supporting documentation not being considered adequate for the purposes of demonstrating compliance with the criteria conditions. This will in turn delay the submission and/or result in the product not being considered eligible.

Where the Triple E criteria or help documentation references compliance to appropriate rather than specific standards, the onus is on the product provider to ensure that supporting documentation supplied references recognised standards that apply to the submitted product, i.e. the product must be covered under the scope of a recognised standard.

If any product submitted is later found not to meet the performance or specification criteria, then this product will cease to be considered eligible for the Triple E.

**Note:** When supplying the supporting documentation through the online process you must ensure that the correct page number(s) of the document is referenced when demonstrating compliance with the relevant condition. An explanatory note should also be given where more than one page number is referenced.



#### **Test Report**

A test report must include an outline of the complete test, including:

- √ Introduction
- $\sqrt{}$  Details on test conditions
- $\sqrt{\phantom{a}}$  The specific model details of the product tested
- $\sqrt{\phantom{a}}$  The steps taken in the test
- √ The results
- $\sqrt{}$  Graphical representations
- √ Conclusion

All documents should be on headed paper and the document should be officially signed off.

**All documentation must be in English** or include adequate translation.

#### **Certification**

Where certificates are provided, all tests must be carried out by an organisation that is accredited by a national accreditation body recognised via the European Cooperation for Accreditation (preferred) or the International Accreditation Forum. **All documentation must be in English** or include adequate translation.

#### **Scientific Equivalence**

Some Triple E criteria conditions allow for scientifically equivalent tests and/or standards to be used. In the event that a product has not been designed, manufactured or tested to the specific standard named, then documentation relating to an equivalent internationally recognised standard may be used (where the phrase 'Or scientific equivalent' is included in the Triple E condition or help documentation). In such applications, the onus will be on the product submitter to demonstrate satisfactory equivalence of the standards. However, submissions which reference such supporting documentation may take longer to process, and if the product provider does not provide satisfactory evidence of equivalence, then the product will not be considered eligible for the Triple E register.

All documentation must be in English or include adequate translation.

**Note:** Where specific standards are cited in a condition or in the Triple E help documentation, then documentation demonstrating that the relevant products have been designed, manufactured or tested to these specific standards is preferred. Scientific equivalence is considered the exception rather than the norm.